

"Watchman, what of the night?"

*"The hour has come, the hour is striking and striking at you,
the hour and the end!" Eze. 7:6 (Moffatt)*

ELLEN G. WHITE'S CHOICE OF WORDS TO DEFINE FINAL BETRAYAL OF THE SACRED TRUST

*"Balances of the Sanctuary"
"Another Coming Out
"the Alpha" and "the Omega"*

Editor's Preface

This issue of WWN is based solely in the Writings of Ellen G. White, and reference the Bible only where those Writings indicate a specific text. Further, Ellen G. White indicated how her writings were to be studied. We have sought to follow this hermeneutic" rule meticulously. We accept and recognize her specific position as assigned by heaven - "a messenger with a message" for the people of God. These messages speak directly to the corporate Seventh-day Adventist Church and to the individual member in his relationship to that Church.

There are some expressions and vocabulary which are unique in the Writings as they are applied to the Church. While the words, "alpha" and "omega" are to be found in the Scriptures, and are applied to both God and Christ (Rev. 1:8; 22:13), these same words are used in the Writings to denote specific apostasies that have taken place in the history of the Church. Other unique phrases are to be found, such as "the balances of the sanctuary" and "a coming out" alluding to the parable of the ten virgins. What is interesting about the reference to the Parable of the ten virgins is the two different time frames to which the parable is assigned in the Writings.

Further, in a reference to the parable there is found in the Writings a definitive statement which links the parable to the Church of Laodicea, and makes synonymous, the two expressions, "vomited out," and "the door was shut." Though dead, her messages still speak to the Church. These need to be carefully considered and heeded.

"Alpha," "Omega," "the Balances of the Sanctuary," Another "Coming-out"

Unique terms in the Writings addressed to those to whom the gift was given.

In the Scriptures certain expressions become a part of the eschatological language marking the end times. In Daniel as well as in Revelation the Judgment is introduced: "The Judgment was set" (Daniel 7:10): "The Hour of the judgment of Him is come." (Rev. 14:6, Gr.) To this concept is added, the "image to the beast" (Rev. 13:14) and "the seven last plagues" (Rev. 15:1). The message which brings this prophetic imagery together - the Three Angels' Messages of Revelation 14 - was committed in sacred trust to a group of people to whom also was restored the Gift of Prophecy.

In a special sense Seventh-day Adventists have been set in the world as watchmen and light-bearers. To them has been entrusted the last warning for a perishing world. On them is shining wonderful light from the Word of God. They have been given a work of the most solemn import, the proclamation of the first, second, and third angels' messages. There is no other work of so great importance. They are to allow nothing else to absorb their attention.

The most solemn work ever entrusted to mortals has been given us to proclaim to the world. The proclamation of these truths is to be our work. The world is to be warned, and God's people are to be true to the trust committed to them. (9T, p.19).

The words, "alpha," "omega," "the balances of the sanctuary," and "another coming out," are all unique to the Gift and are directed to those to whom the "most sacred work ever entrusted to mortals" was given. Because of this fact, special attention needs to be given to these words, their context in the Writings, and what they are saying to us individually, and to the Church corporately as the instrument to whom God entrusted "a work of the most solemn import."

THE ALPHA

This word was first used at the turn of the last century in connection with a book - *The Living Temple*. In 1904, a Special Testimony (Series B, #2) was released which contained "Letters to Physicians and Ministers." In a letter dated August 7, written to one of the physicians, Ellen White wrote:

Separate from the influence exerted by the book "Living Temple;" (sic.) for it contains specious sentiments. There are in it sentiments that are entirely true, but these are mingled with error. Scriptures are taken out of their connection, and are used to uphold erroneous theories (p. 49)...

We must firmly refuse to be drawn away from the platform of eternal truth, which since

1844 has stood the test. ... In the book "Living Temple" (sic.) there is presented the alpha of deadly heresies. (p. 50).

The emphasis in these letters was to stand firmly "on the platform of eternal truth that has withstood test and trial" (p. 51). The warning was given that "the track of truth lies close beside the track of error, and both tracks may seem to be one to minds which are not worked by the Holy Spirit, and which, therefore, are not quick to discern the difference between truth and error" (p. 52). After listing the objectives of the movement envisioned by those promoting the alpha of apostasy, Ellen White asked the question, "Who has authority to begin such a movement?" Then she advised: "We have our Bibles. We have our experience, attested to by the miraculous working of the Holy Spirit. We have a truth that admits of no compromise. Shall we not repudiate everything that is not in harmony with this truth?" (p. 55).

The "alpha" did not succeed, but the danger did not end. Coupled with the warning concerning the "alpha" was the prophecy of an "omega" of apostasy to come. Ellen White in the same letters warned: "I knew that the omega would follow in a little while; and I trembled for our

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people" (p. 53). Why the trembling? "The omega will follow, and will be received ..." (p. 50; emphasis supplied).

THE OMEGA

In this series of letters (Series B, #2), Ellen White listed what would have taken place had the alpha succeeded. These objectives need to be carefully considered for the enemy's objective does not change toward truth, whether in the time of the alpha or in the time of the omega. The conflict only intensifies as the end approaches (Rev. 12:12). In 1905, she would warn that "the great apostasy" which was "developing and increasing and waxing stronger," would "continue to do so" until the second coming of Christ. And because this would be, "we are to hold fast the first principles of our denominated faith and go forward from strength to increased faith" (Series B, #7. pp. 56-57).

In the time of the "alpha" the enemy of truth sought to promote "the supposition that a great reformation was to take place among Seventh-day Adventists, and that this reformation would consist in giving up the doctrines which stand as the pillars of our faith." Then the question is asked: "Were this reformation to take place, what would result?" To this, the answer is given:

The principles of truth that God in His wisdom has given to the remnant church would be discarded. Our religion would be changed. The fundamental principles that have sustained the work for the last fifty years would be accounted as error. A new organization would be established. Books of a new order would be written (Series B, #2, p. 54).

The "alpha" did not succeed. Only one book was written - *The Living Temple* - but it contained "deadly heresies" mingled with much physiological truth. As I

write, I have before me a copy of the book. The preface declares that the intent of the author, J. H. Kellogg, M.D., was not to write a "theological treatise, but simply to study man from a physiological standpoint; hence, in the use of the word "temple," as it appears upon the title-page and in numerous places in the work, the physiological, or literal, sense is to be understood." For most of the 568 pages this holds true. The first 60 pages, however, develop psychological and theological concepts which turn the bodily functions into evidence of the presence of a Divine Being. Kellogg would write:

There is a clear, complete, satisfactory explanation of the most subtle, the most marvelous phenomena of nature, - namely, an infinite Intelligence working out its purposes. God is the explanation of nature, not a God outside of nature, but in nature, manifesting himself through and in all the objects, movements, and varied phenomena of the universe (p. 28).

Interesting also is the fact that Kellogg closes his preface with a notation of acknowledgement of his indebtedness to both A. T. Jones and Dr. E. J. Waggoner, who in 1903, when the book was published, were still held in high esteem by the laity of the Church.

While the "alpha" did not succeed, the "omega" would be received. This means simply that among other things, "books (plural) of a new order" would be written which would seek to set aside "the doctrines which stand as the pillars of

our faith" discarding "the principles of truth that God in His wisdom has given to the remnant church." In summary language, "Our religion would be changed" (Series B #2, p. 54).

Books of a "new order" have been written. "Principles of truths that God in His wisdom" gave "to the remnant church" have been "discarded" (*ibid.*). The publication of *Questions on Doctrine* in 1957 did just this. Now some forty-five years later it has been reprinted as the second book in a series by the Andrews University Press to be known as the "Adventist *Classic Library*." Devoid of shame, its 1957 publication is proclaimed to "easily" qualify as "the most divisive book in Seventh-day Adventist history" (*Annotated Edition*, p. xiii).

This is not the only book. There were to be "books." Others would follow.

LeRoy Froom, whose "facile pen" was actively involved in composing the written distillation of the Adventist-Evangelical conferences, in 1955-56 (*The Adventist Heritage*, Vol.4, #2, 1977. p. 381

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would himself write a book, - *Movement of Destiny* - which reiterated the same positions as taken in 1957. Froom claimed to write this book under a mandate from Arthur G. Daniells (p. 17), long time president of the General Conference. The book published in 1971 carried the "imprimatur" and "nihil obstat" of Robert H. Pierson, then president of the General Conference and Neal C. Wilson, vice-president of the North American Division.

Other books which might be listed are *The Sanctuary Doctrine* by Roy Adams in 1981 as the first volume in the Doctoral Dissertation series published by Andrews University Seminary, and *Christ Our Substitute* in 1982 by Dr. Norman R. Gulley, my immediate predecessor as head of the Bible Department at old Madison College.

The evidence leaves us with the cold reality that our religion has been changed. The Bible studies which the retired "credentialed" Bible worker gave my mother and me in 1932 did not reflect "contemporary Adventism." Then, either the Adventism that we were taught was wrong, or the present course of contemporary Adventism is askew with truth. The same comparison applies to my ministry which began ten years later. Either the "truths" which I proclaimed during the years of my evangelistic ministry were wrong, or the current positions being promoted in "the books of a new order" are open to serious question.

There is a more pervasive question that needs to be answered. Can one continue to bathe his mind in error, and truly grow up in Christ who is the Truth? What merit is there in the adoption of a new statement of belief calling for growth in Christ if the "contemporary Adventism" growing out of the "omega of apostasy" is reflected in any of the other 27 statements?

As we study carefully the other unique phrases found in the Writings our course of action can become crystal clear, or the counsel given can have a negative effect, depending upon the stubbornness of our hearts.

"IN THE BALANCES OF THE SANCTUARY"

The 1903 General Conference Session was held in San Francisco. During the session, in San Francisco two reports from the Committee on Plans and Constitution (a majority, and a minority report) were presented to the session. The Minority report signed by E. J. Waggoner, David Paulson and Percy T. Magan read:

The minority of your Committee on Plans and Constitution beg leave to submit to you that the Constitution proposed by the majority of the Committee appears to us to be so subversive of the principles of organization given to us at the General Conferences of 1897 and 1901 that we cannot possibly subscribe to it.

The proposed new Constitution reverses the reformatory steps that were taken and the principles which were given and adopted as the principles of organization in the General Conferences of 1897 and 1901 and embodied in the present Constitution; and this before that Constitution or the organization according to it, has ever had an adequate trial.

We therefore recommend that the Constitution of 1901 be given a fair trial before it is annihilated (1903 *GC Bulletin*, pp 146-147).

One of the signers of this Minority Report, Dr. Percy T. Magan, told the delegates –

It may be stated there is nothing in this new Constitution which is not abundantly

safeguarded by the provisions of it; but I want to say to you that any man who has ever read "Neander's History of the Christian Church" (sic.), Mosheim's, or any of the other great church historians, — any man who has ever read those histories can come to no other conclusion but that principles which are to be brought in through this proposed constitution, and in the way in which they are brought in, are the same principles, and introduced in precisely the same way, as they were hundreds of years ago when the Papacy was made (ibid., p.150).

On April 13, a motion of adjournment brought the 1903 session in San Francisco to a close to be reconvened in the Battle Creek Tabernacle on April 22. Between these two dates, on the day just before the convening in Battle Creek, Ellen

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White would ask, "Shall We Be Found Wanting?" In answer to her question, she would write:

In the balances of the sanctuary the Seventh-day Adventist Church is to be weighed. She will be judged by the privileges and advantages she has had. If her spiritual experience does not correspond to the advantages that Christ, at infinite cost, has bestowed on her, if the blessings conferred have not qualified her to do the work entrusted to her, on her will be pronounced the sentence, "Found wanting." By the light bestowed, the opportunities given, will she be judged (*Testimonies*, Vol.8, p. 247)

This is corporate language. It must be measured against the backdrop of the work and responsibility given to the Church as described in *Testimonies*, Vol. 9, p. 19 (See p. 2, col. 1). It is not a "perhaps statement." The Church is to be weighed" - the Church to which was given "the most solemn truths ever entrusted to mortals." God has declared that He will weigh the Seventh-day Adventist Church in the balances of the Heavenly Sanctuary. It becomes incumbent upon the individual member to determine if He has, and the decision rendered. Then he has a decision to make.

It needs to be kept in mind that this same testimony written from St. Helena, California, of April 21 quotes the Divine Instructor as asking, "How has the faithful city become an harlot?" and stating that it has become "a place whence the divine presence and glory have departed" (p. 250).

We have been counselled that in the study of the Writings "the testimonies themselves will be the key that will explain the messages given, as scripture is explained by scripture" (*SM*, book one, p. 42). This is simply the teaching method used by the Holy Spirit - "comparing spiritual things with spiritual" (I Cor. 2:13). The concept of "the departure of the divine presence and glory from Israel" was used two decades earlier and placed in an end-time setting in connection with the sealing of God's people as described in Ezekiel 9. See *Testimonies*, Vol. 5, pp. 207-216. Three groups of people are designated: the "few," the "many," and the "some." The "few" are also called "the little company" whose prayers and concern "arise in behalf of the church, because its members are doing after the manner of the world" (pp. 209-210). These concerned ones "had been holding forth the words of life; they had reproved,

counselled, and entreated" (p. 210). This earnest work caused a separation between the "some" and the "many." "Some, who had been dishonoring God, repented and humbled their hearts before Him. But the glory of the Lord had departed from Israel; although *many* still continued the forms of religion, His power and presence were lacking." (*ibid.*).

The time frame is also defined as the time when "Jesus is about to leave the mercy-seat of the heavenly sanctuary" (p. 207, 208). The use of the "balances of the sanctuary" is completed. There is interjected an illustration of God's dealing with a nation of the past, the Amorites. Their cup of iniquity was not yet full, and mercy tarried. It is cited as representative of how God's dealings will be with all nations as the final hour of mercy approaches. It reads:

With unerring accuracy, the Infinite One still keeps an account with all nations. While His mercy is tendered, with calls to repentance, this account will remain open; but when the figures reach a certain amount which God has fixed, the ministry of His wrath commences. The account is closed. Divine patience ceases. There is no more pleading of mercy in their behalf (p. 208).

The paragraph is followed by this sentence - "The prophet (Ezekiel), looking down the ages, had this time presented before his vision." But nowhere in Ezekiel 9 to which this testimony is alluding is to be found a prophetic time element noted. Quickly passing from "the nations of this age" Ellen White moves to the Church when its "time" of "danger, and depression are greatest." Then is revealed the "few," the "many" and the "some."

Two paragraphs follow the clear delineation of these three groups. They dare not be overlooked, except at peril to our own souls, for every one of us is in one of these three categories. They read: (Note carefully the high lighted sentences).

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In the time when His wrath shall go forth in judgment, these humble, devoted followers of Christ [the "few"] will be distinguished from the rest of the world by their soul-anguish, which is expressed in lamentation and weeping, reproofs and warnings. While others try to throw a cloak over the existing evil and excuse the great wickedness every where prevalent, those who have a zeal for God's honor and a love for souls, will not hold their peace to obtain favor of any. Their righteous souls are vexed day by day with the unholy works and conversation of the unrighteous. They are powerless to stop the rushing torrent of iniquity, and hence they are ruled with grief and alarm. They mourn before God to see religion despised in the very homes of those who have had great light. They lament and afflict their souls because pride, avarice, selfishness, and deception of almost every kind are in the church. The Spirit of God, which prompts to reproof, is trampled under foot, while the servants of Satan triumph. God is dishonored, the truth made of none effect.

The class who do not feel grieved over their own spiritual declension, nor mourn over the sins of others will be left without the seal of God. The Lord commissions His messengers,

